

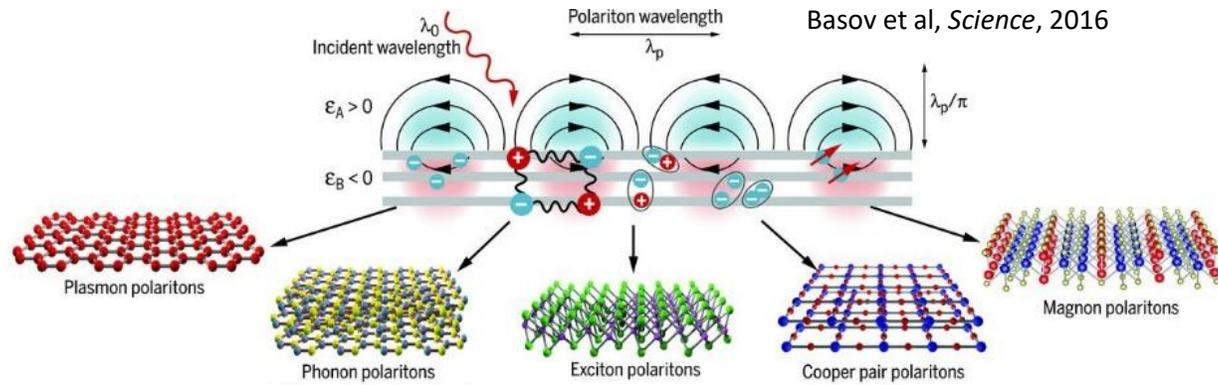


Annual Exam for PhD students Second Year

October 20, 2020

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Supervisor: Alessandro Tredicucci

Introduction

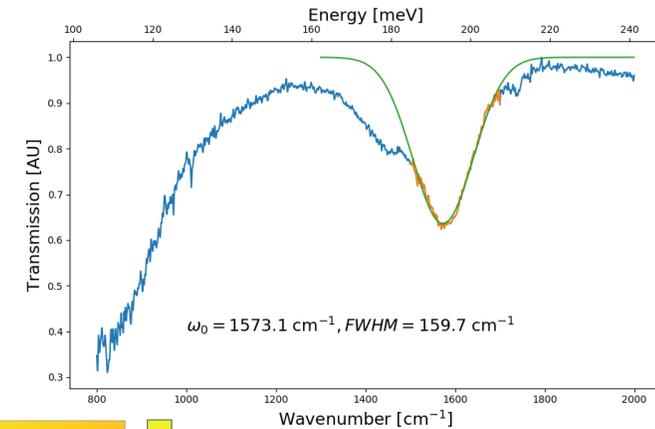
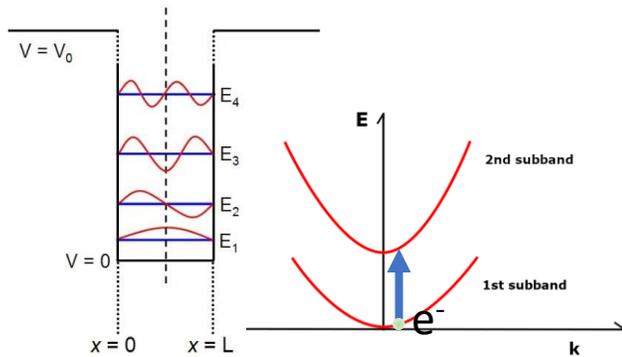


Surface Polaritons

- Out-of-plane component of the electric field
- Large confinement factor $\eta_0 \sim 10^2$
- Increased energy density

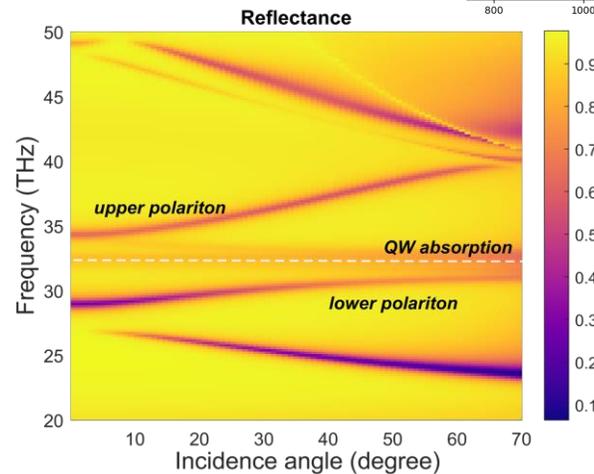
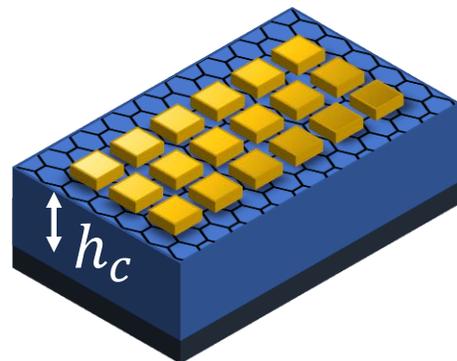
Intersubband transitions

- Delta like linewidth
- III-V heterostructures
- Recently observed in 2D materials



Critical coupling

Cavity effect



Strong coupling

Resonant effect

Summary

Intersubband Transitions and Surface Polaritons

Critical Coupling driven by Graphene Plasmons

Whispering Gallery Modes in Graphene Microdisks

Non-local intersubband transitions

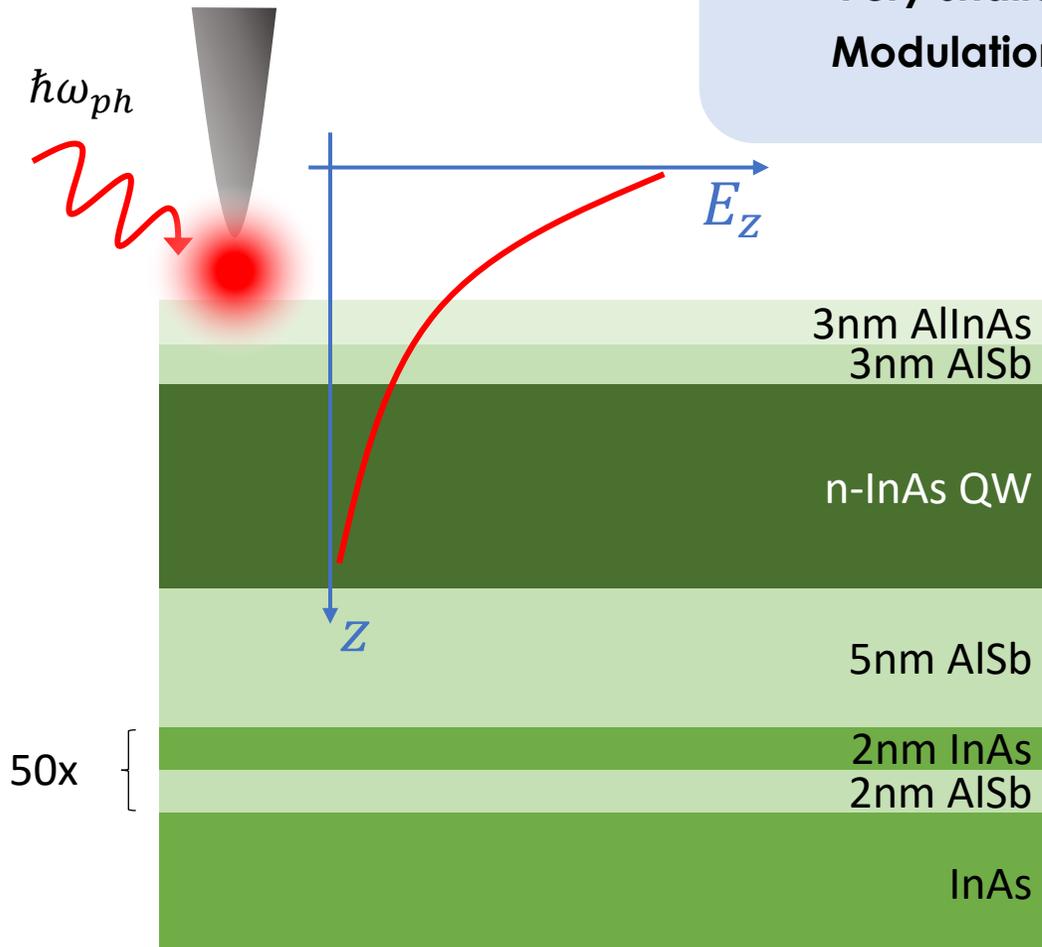
Structure of our Quantum Well

Measuring intersubband transitions with a s-SNOM

Beyond diffraction limit with near field to detect local thickness fluctuations

Very shallow Quantum Well is required for the near field to leak in

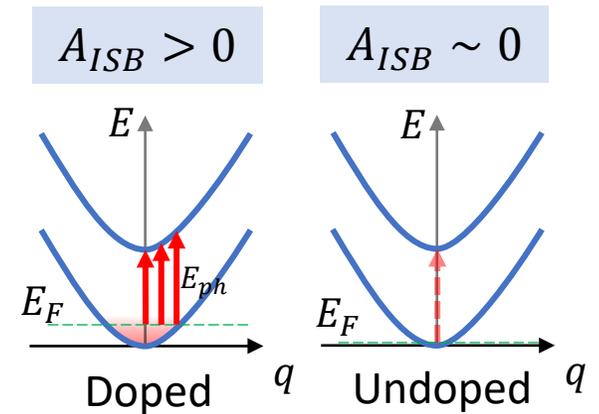
Modulation of the charge density necessary to isolate resonant absorption



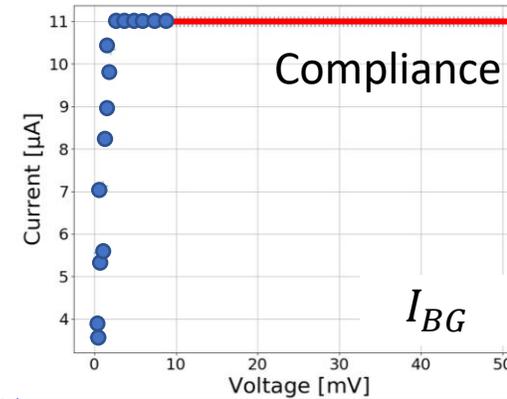
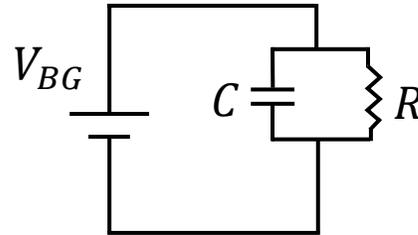
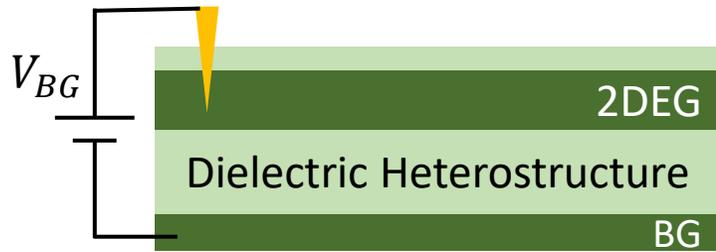
Cap layer to match surface energy pinning to crystal E_F

QW Active region
Transition frequency depends on thickness

Heterostructure due to InAs-AlSb lattice mismatch



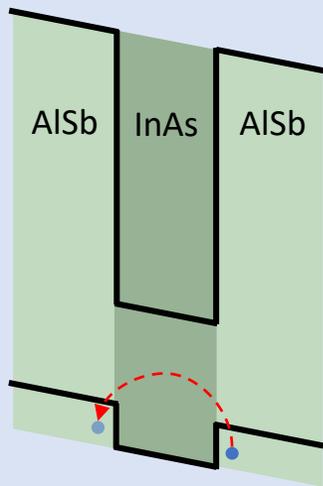
Issues in backgating the sample



$R \sim 50 \Omega$
Ohmic behaviour
between 2DEG and BG

Possible Causes

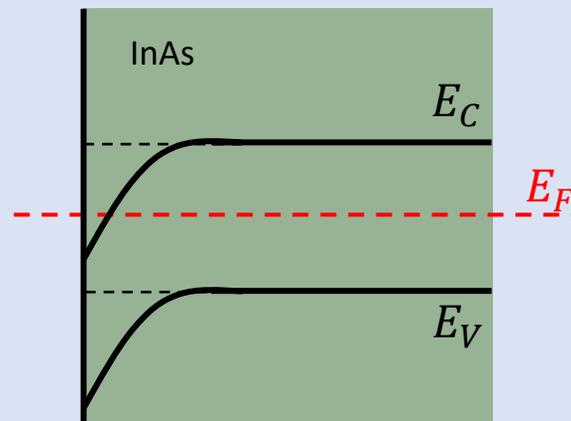
Hole transport



Possible Solution:

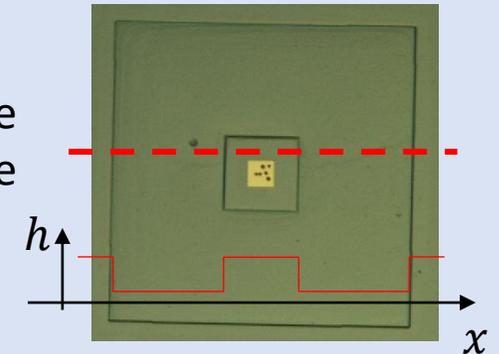
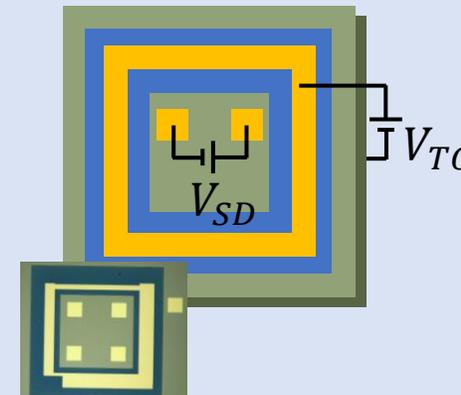
Low T measurement

Surface Fermi Pinning



Possible Solutions:

Etching pillars to increase surface resistance



Creating a 'guard ring' to isolate 2DEG from lateral surfaces

Coupling with Phonon Polaritons

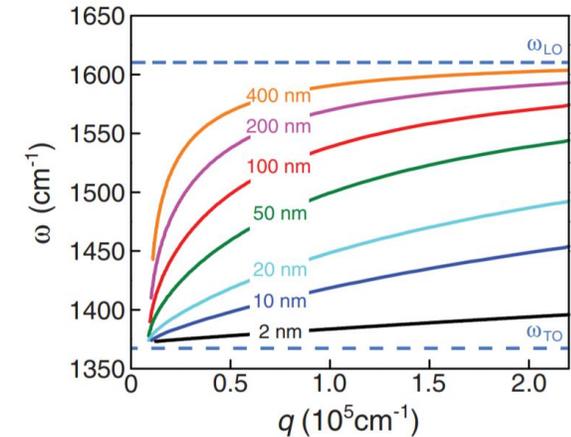
Phonon Polaritons in hBN are surface polaritons

Phonon polaritons can be excited in **hBN Reststrahlen Band**

Dispersion is **thickness dependent**

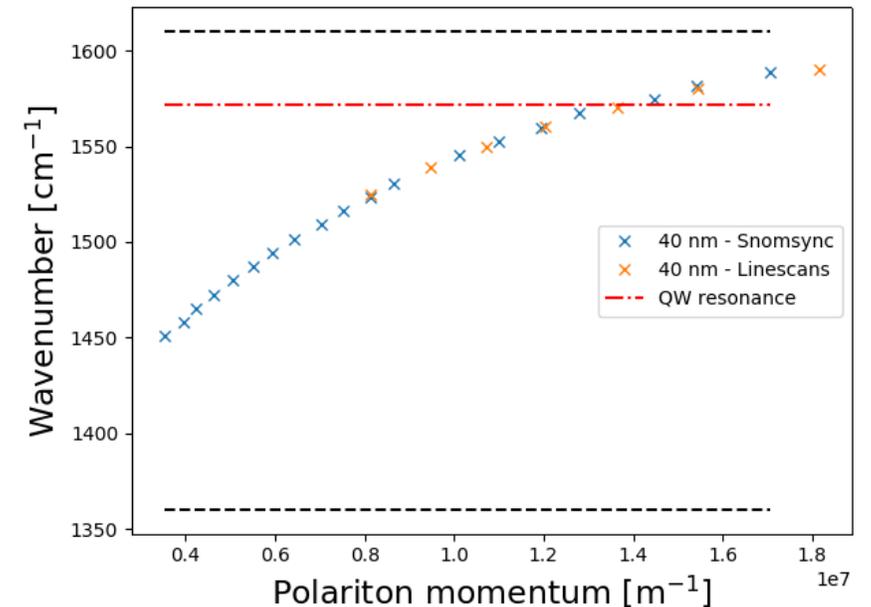
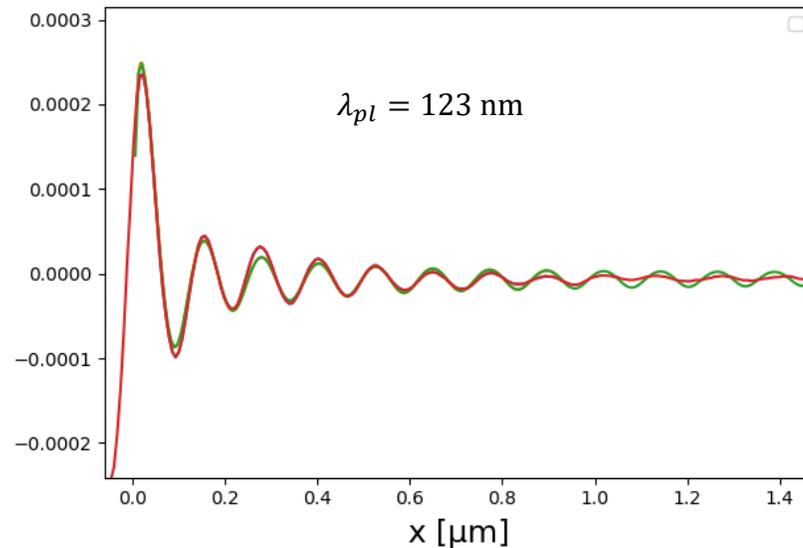
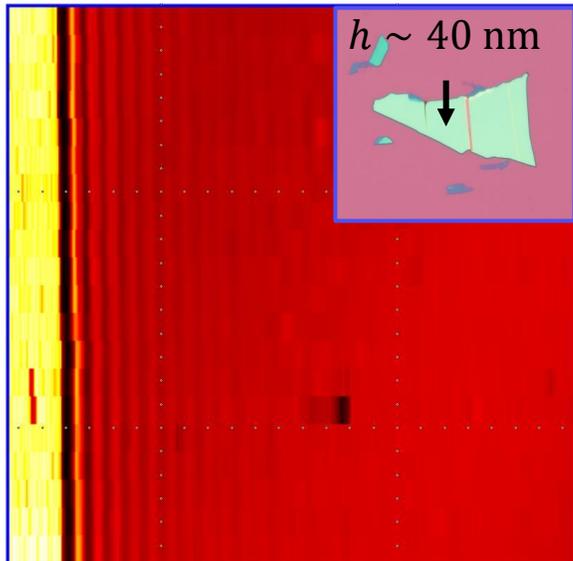
No charge carrier involved: electrical tuning is not crucial

Basov et al, Science 2014



1525 cm^{-1}

$\lambda_{pl} = 123 \text{ nm}$



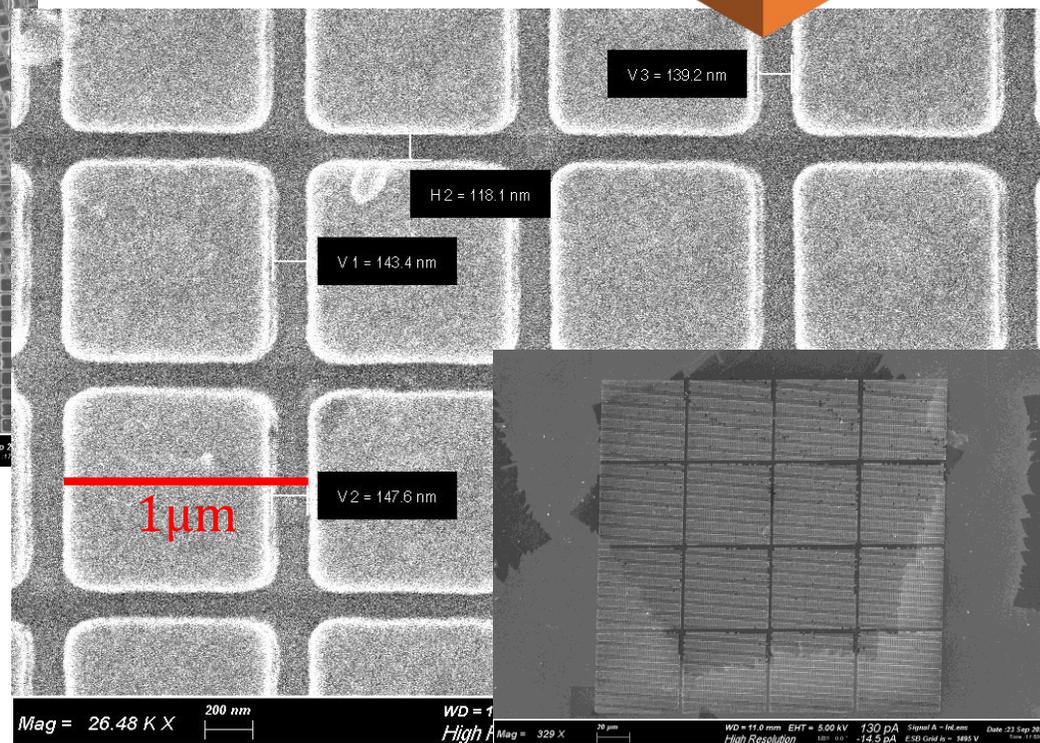
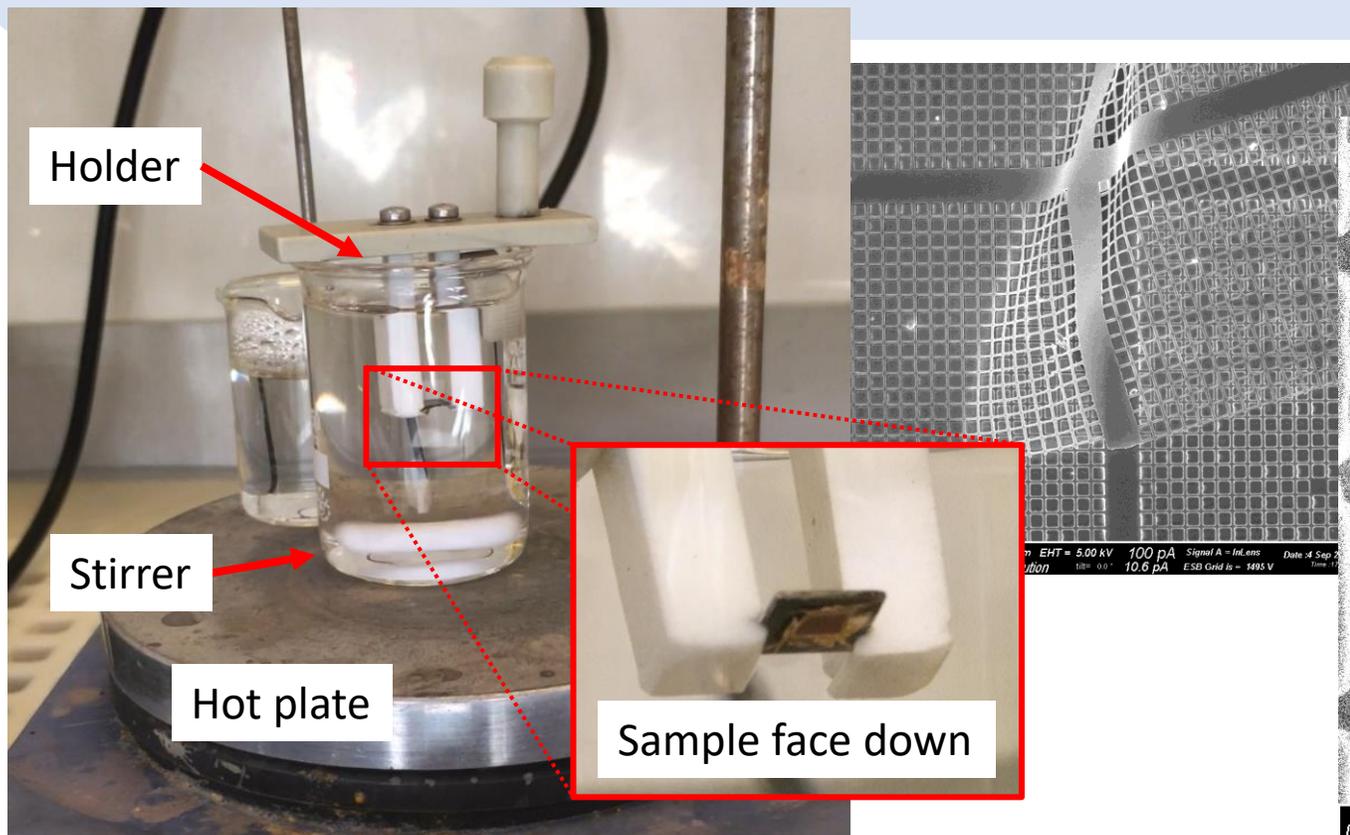
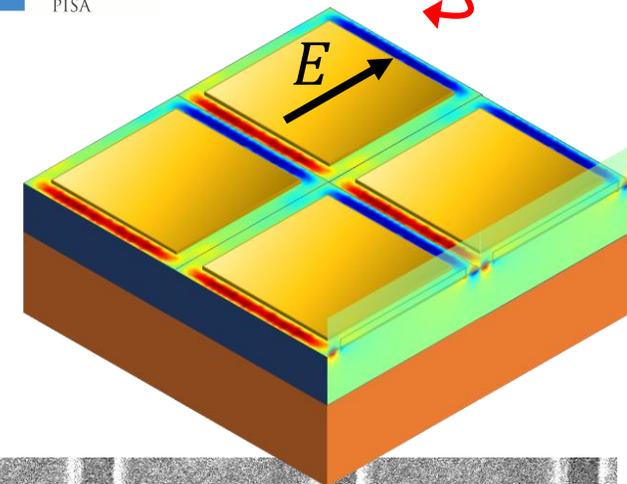
In collaboration with Dr. F. Koppens' group @ICFO, Castelldefels (BCN)

Critical Coupling driven by plasmons

NEST



Resonant condition for $h_c = \frac{\lambda}{4}$ where $\sim 100\%$ of light is absorbed
Gold antennas on Graphene (CVD grown, prov. by Dr. C. Coletti's group)
Large-area pattern of few microns gold squares for FTIR
Development of a **technique** for fast but reproducible fabrication



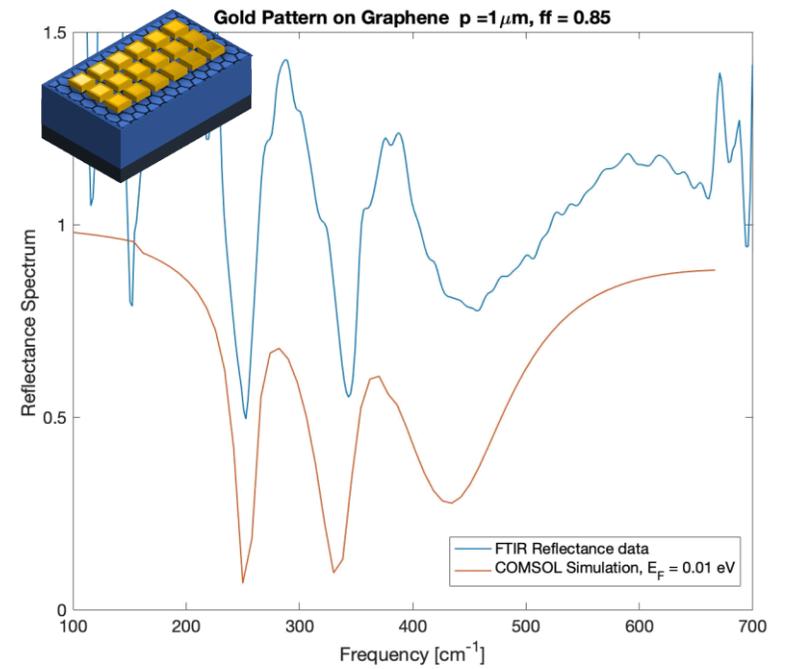
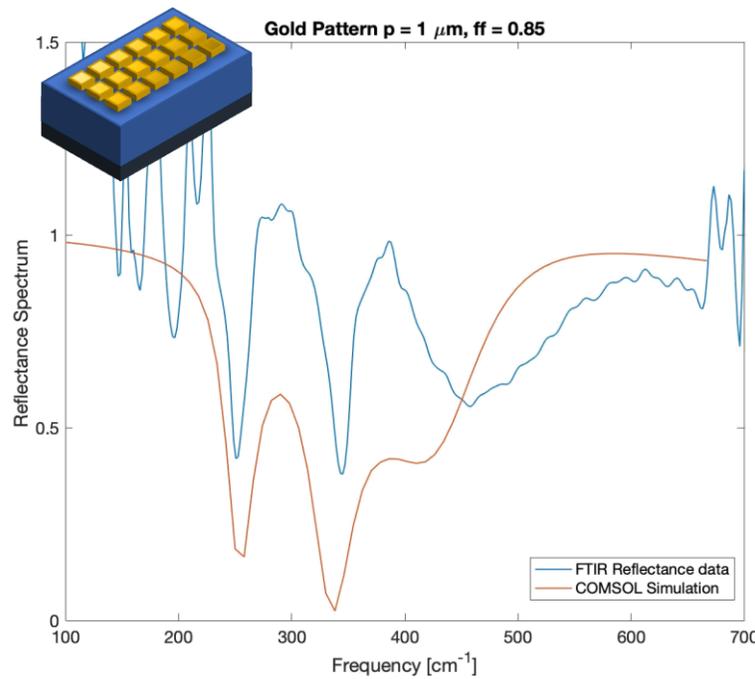
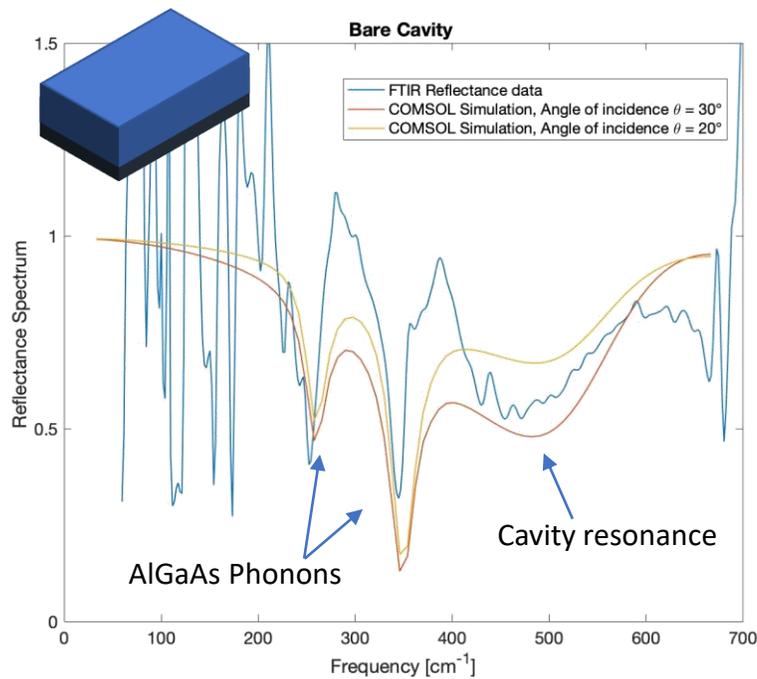
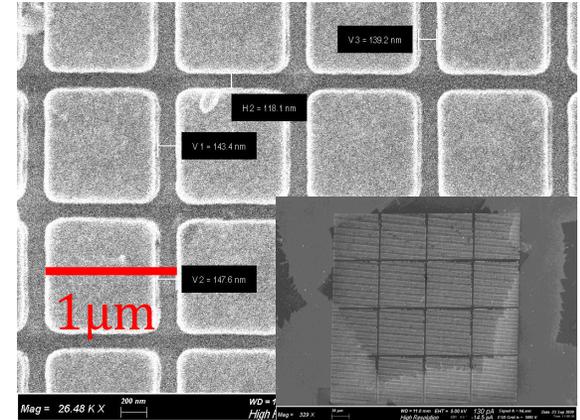
Critical Coupling driven by plasmons

Three samples: bare cavity, gold pattern and gold pattern with graphene

Bare cavity absorption shows weak and broad absorption

Gold patterned sample is expected to show a **shifted peak**

Graphene **narrows the resonance** even at low E_F



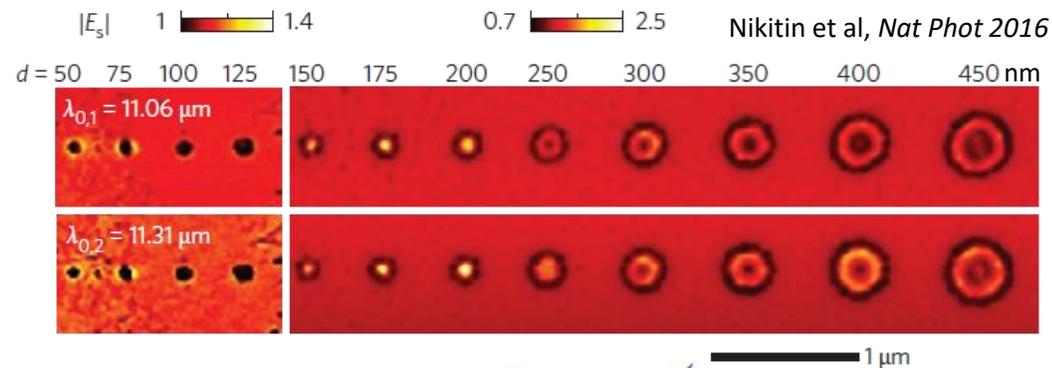
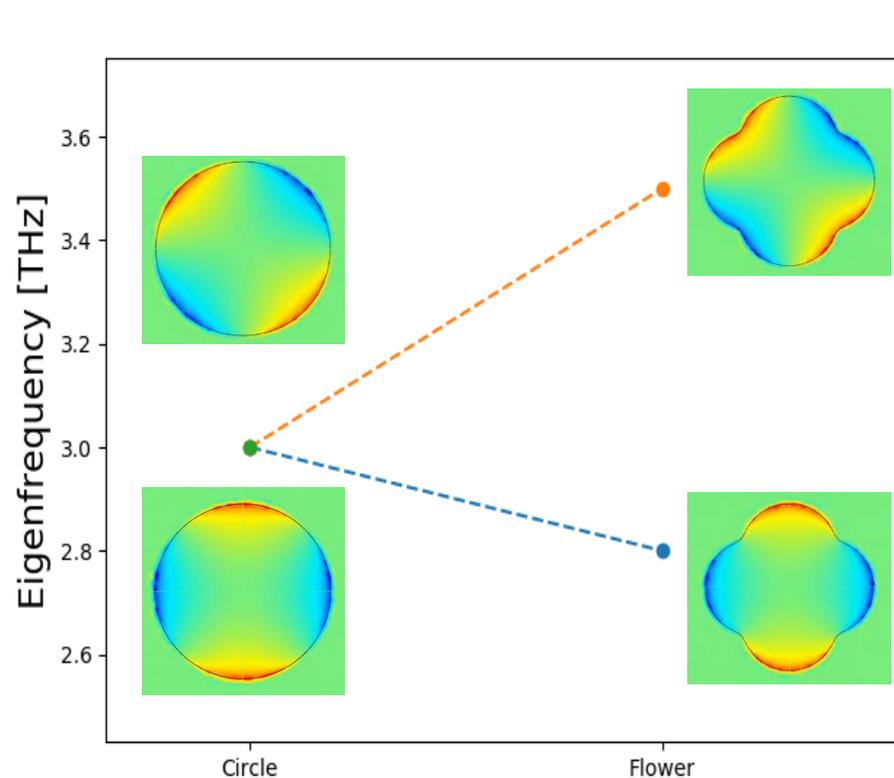
Whispering Gallery Modes (WGMs) in Graphene

Modes living at the edge of a circular cavity

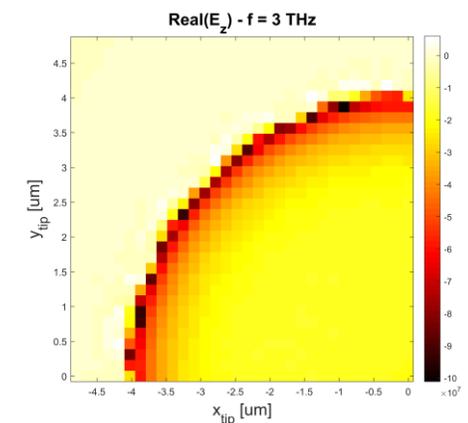
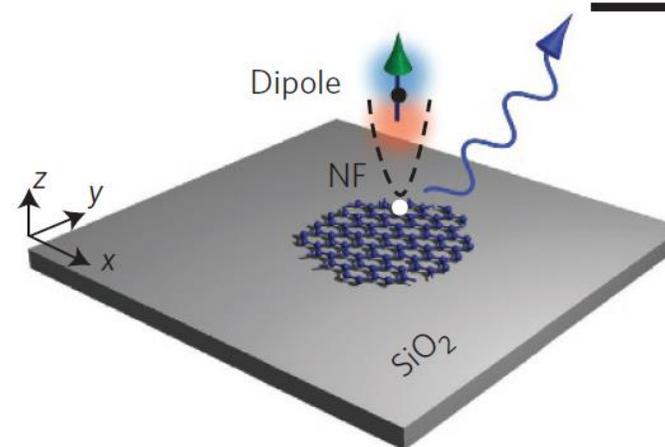
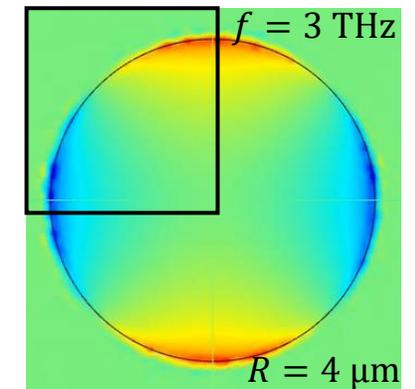
Due to rotational symmetry, WGMs are **degenerate in phase**

Breaking the symmetry could lead to a lift of the degeneracy

Comsol simulations performed to confirm observability with a s-SNOM



Nikitin et al, *Nat Phot* 2016



Non-local Intersubband transitions

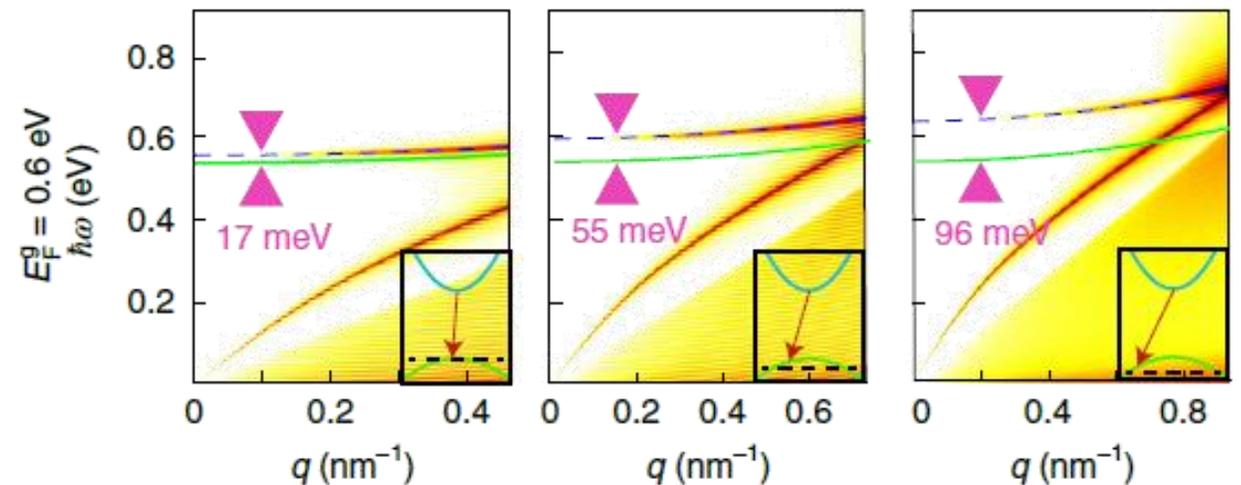
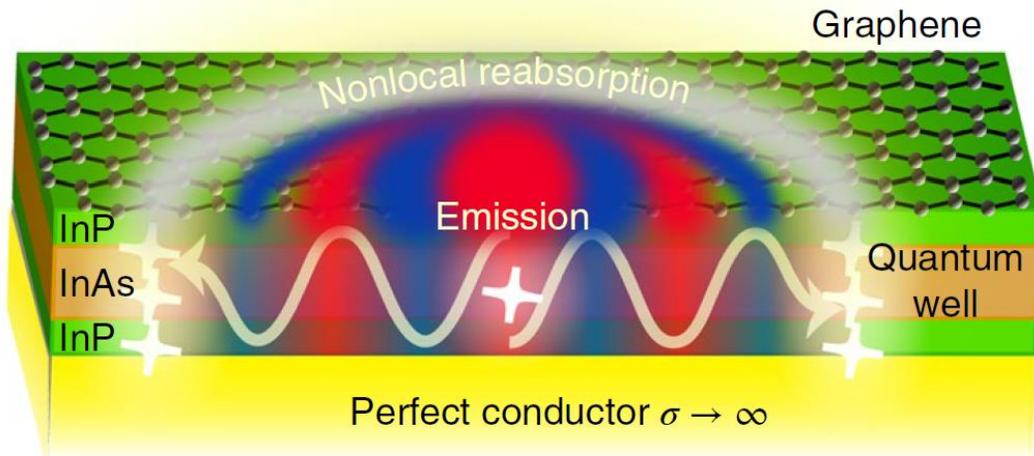
Coupling in a Metal-Insulator-Graphene cavity

So strong a coupling it **changes the properties** of the crystal

Bandgap renormalization depending on Fermi energy of the crystal

We want to explore the effects of the coupling in this system **on ISB transitions**

Kurman et al, *Nat Phys* 2020





Thank you for your attention!