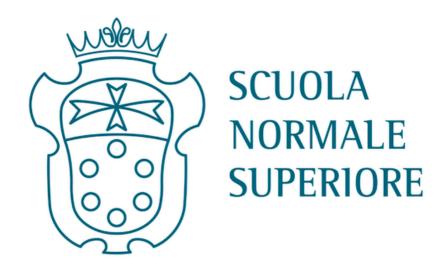
Computer-assisted proofs, proof assistants and visualization in dynamical systems



Report of Contributions

Contribution ID: 2 Type: not specified

Tucker, Warwick

Tuesday, 18 June 2024 09:00 (50 minutes)

Lower bounds on the Hausdorff dimensions of Julia sets

Abstract: We present an algorithm for a rigorous computation of lower bounds on the Hausdorff dimensions of Julia sets for a wide class of holomorphic maps. We apply this algorithm to obtain lower bounds on the Hausdorff dimension of the Julia sets of some infinitely renormalizable real quadratic polynomials, including the Feigenbaum polynomial pFeig(z)=z2+cFeig. In addition to that, we construct a piecewise constant function on -2, 2 that provides rigorous lower bounds for the Hausdorff dimension of the Julia sets of all quadratic polynomials pc(z)=z2+c with $c\in -2$, 2. Finally, we verify the conjecture of Ludwik Jaksztas and Michel Zinsmeister that the Hausdorff dimension of the Julia set of a quadratic polynomial pc(z)=z2+c, is a C1-smooth function of the real parameter c on the interval $c\in (c\text{Feig}, -34)$.

Presenter: Dr WARWICK, Tucker (Monash University)

Contribution ID: 3

Type: not specified

"Rigorous enclosure of the discrete spectrum for transfer operators"

Tuesday, 18 June 2024 10:10 (50 minutes)

abstract: In this work, in collaboration with Blumenthal and Taylor-Crush, I present a generalization of a fundamental result, the Gerschgorin circle theorem, to obtain enclosures of the discrete spectrum of a transfer operator preserving a strong Banach space compactly embedded in a weak Banach space. The enclosures are obtained by rigorously bounding the weak resolvent norm of a finite rank approximation of the transfer operator. This result has important consequences, allowing us to understand the finer statistical properties of systems satisfying a Lasota-Yorke inequality, as uniformly expanding maps and systems with additive noise.

Presenter: Dr NISOLI, Isaia (Universidade Federal de Rio de Janeiro)

Contribution ID: 4 Type: **not specified**

The Lean theorem prover

Tuesday, 18 June 2024 15:30 (50 minutes)

Interactive theorem provers are a kind of programming languages in which one explains proofs to a computer in a formal language, where the computer checks that the proof respects the rules of logic. I will present the Lean theorem prover, together with its mathematics library Mathlib. This library is advanced enough that one may start to formalize complicated statements in dynamics (and all other areas of mathematics!)

Presenter: Prof. GOUËZEL, Sébastien (CNRS and Université de Rennes)

Contribution ID: 5 Type: **not specified**

Spectra of transfer and Koopman operators

Tuesday, 18 June 2024 16:40 (50 minutes)

This talk will be about computation and approximation of spectral data of transfer operators and Koopman operators associated to holomorphic expanding and hyperbolic discrete dynamical systems. I will present a special class of systems with explicitly computable eigenvalues. In a more general setting, I will discuss convergence results of algorithms such as Lagrange-Chebyshev or EDMD to approximate spectral data and obtain rigorous bounds in various applications.

Presenter: Prof. SLIPANTSCHUK, Julia (University of Warwick)

Contribution ID: 6

Type: not specified

Machine learning of Hamiltonian dynamical systems

Wednesday, 19 June 2024 09:00 (50 minutes)

n recent years, machine learning algorithms have emerged as powerful tools for modeling and understanding dynamical systems. This talk presents an overview of the recent advancements in machine learning of Hamiltonian dynamical systems. I discuss machine learning techniques that we have successfully applied to learn conservation laws for certain nonlinear lattice systems. Furthermore, we highlight the challenges and considerations in applying machine learning to dynamical systems, especially chaotic systems.

Presenter: Prof. ZHANG, Hongkun (University of Massachusetts Amherst)

Contribution ID: 7 Type: **not specified**

Explicit resolvent bounds for transfer operators

Wednesday, 19 June 2024 10:10 (50 minutes)

In this talk I will explain how to obtain explicit upper bounds for the resolvent R(z,L) of any compact operator L on a Hilbert space in terms of its singular values and the distance of z to the spectrum of L. I will then discuss applications of this estimate to obtaining explicit a priori error bounds for spectral approximations of transfer operators. Time permitting, I will also explain how to extend these results to the Banach space setting.

Presenter: BANDTLOW, Oscar (Queen Mary University of London)

Contribution ID: 8

Type: not specified

Estimates on Lyapunov exponents via the pressure function

Wednesday, 19 June 2024 15:30 (50 minutes)

Given an expanding map of the interval one can estimate the Lyapunov exponent (or equivalently the metric entropy) for the absolutely continuous invariant probability measure using the pressure function. This lends itself to rigorous estimates. For random products of suitable matrices the same approach gives estimates on their top Lyapunov exponent.

Presenter: POLLICOTT, Mark (University of Warwick)

Type: not specified

Computing and visualizing measures with maximum entropy and other equilibrium states

Wednesday, 19 June 2024 16:40 (50 minutes)

One generally expects SRB measures to match in some way direct simulations of dynamical systems (even though making the corresponding mathematical statement is far from easy). My goal is to draw attention to the problem of computing more abstract objects such as measures maximizing the entropy and more generally equilibrium states. I will recall some old and new results suggesting motivations, possible approaches, and highlighting some difficulties.

Presenter: BUZZI, Jerome (Université Paris-Saclay)

Contribution ID: 10 Type: not specified

Two classes of highly effective discretisations

Thursday, 20 June 2024 09:00 (45 minutes)

Chebyshev and Fourier approximation are effective and now well-used ways to discretise analytic full-branch uniformly expanding dynamics. They are simple, easy to implement and clearly have a lot of room to be extended. This talk will present two such extensions.

The first looks to the burgeoning applied area of Koopman operator numerics, where Koopman operators are approximated by least-squares with respect to a general sampling measure (e.g. the SRB measure). I will show that for trigonometric function dictionaries that this discretisation is nearly as accurate as Fourier Galerkin methods, and fairly good estimates can be even obtained purely from time series data, when done carefully.

The second will be to approximate Koopman or transfer operators of analytic hyperbolic maps (and more generally Anosov maps). This enables rigorous and highly accurate estimates of spectral data, including of general Anosov flows.

Presenter: WORMELL, Caroline (Australian National University)

Contribution ID: 11 Type: not specified

High performance computing on a teapot

Thursday, 20 June 2024 10:10 (50 minutes)

I'll talk about portability and presentation of numerical results and simulations. In particular, about stable workflow that works in extreme universality, relying on most widely installed and used program: your browser. This is a popular talk without any serious mathematical content.

Presenter: KOREPANOV, Alexey (Loughborough University)

Contribution ID: 12 Type: not specified

Dimension function of the Lagrange and Markov spectra

Friday, 21 June 2024 09:00 (50 minutes)

I will discuss an approach for computing the Hausdorff dimension of an intersection of the classical Lagrange and Markov spectra with half-infinite ray $d(t) = \dim(M \setminus (-\infty, t))$, that allows to plot a graph of the function d(t) with high accuracy. The talk is based on a recent joint work with Carlos Gustavo Moreira and Carlos Matheus Santos (arxiv:2212.11371).

Presenter: VYTNOVA, Polina (University of Surrey)

Contribution ID: 13 Type: not specified

Formalizing topological entropy in Lean

Friday, 21 June 2024 10:10 (50 minutes)

I will present a project to formalize some elements of topological dynamics in Lean, and its current advancement. A special emphasis will be given to many design decisions, and how they arise from the interaction between a well-established mathematical theory and a proof assistant.

Presenter: THOMINE, Damien (Université Paris-Saclay)