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Tverberg's theorem for cell complexes

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Tverberg's theorem states that given any $(d+1)(r-1)+1$ points in the d-dimensional Euclidean space, there are pairwise r subsets whose convex hulls have a point in common. This can be restated in terms of an affine map from a $(d+1)(r-1)$-simplex to the d-dimensional Euclidean space, and the topological Tverberg's theorem generalizes it to a continuous map. I will further generalize it to a continuous map out of a certain CW complex, e.g. a simplicial $((d+1)(r-1)-1)$-sphere. This is joint work with Sho Hasui. Masahiro Takeda, and Mitsunobu Tsutaya.

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